

Kepler's Laws

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{T_v^2}{r_v^3} = \frac{T_e^2}{r_e^3}$$

$$\frac{T_v^2}{(1.1 \times 10^{11})^3} = \frac{365^2}{(1.49 \times 10^{11})^3}$$

$$T_v = \sqrt{\frac{365^2 (1.1 \times 10^{11})^3}{(1.49 \times 10^{11})^3}}$$

$$T_v = \boxed{231.5 \text{ days}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{r_m^3}{T_m^2} = \frac{r_e^3}{T_e^2}$$

$$\frac{r_m^3}{(689.98)^2} = \frac{(1.49 \times 10^{11})^3}{(365)^2}$$

$$r_m = \sqrt[3]{\frac{(689.98)^2 (1.49 \times 10^{11})^3}{(365)^2}}$$

$$r_m = \boxed{2.28 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}}$$

③

$$\frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{T_e^2}{r_e^3}$$

$$\frac{T^2}{(2 \times 10^{11})^3} = \frac{365^2}{(1.49 \times 10^{11})^3}$$

$$T = \sqrt{\frac{365^2 (2 \times 10^{11})^3}{(1.49 \times 10^{11})^3}}$$

$$T = \boxed{567.6 \text{ days}}$$

④

$$\frac{r^3}{T^2} = \frac{r_e^3}{T_e^2}$$

$$\frac{r^3}{(2 \text{ yr})^2} = \frac{(1 \text{ AU})^3}{(1 \text{ yr})^2}$$

$$r^3 = \frac{1^3 \cdot 2^2}{1^2}$$

$$r^3 = 4$$

$$r = 1.59 \text{ AU}$$

The planet is $\boxed{1.59}$ times farther from the sun.

⑤ Moon

$$K = \frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{(2.36 \times 10^6)^2}{(3.8 \times 10^8)^3} = \boxed{1.0 \times 10^{-13} \text{ s}^2/\text{m}^3}$$

⑥ Earth

$$K = \frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{(27.322)^2}{(384.4 \times 10^3)^3} = \boxed{1.3 \times 10^{-14} \text{ d}^2/\text{km}^3}$$

Mars

$$K = \frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{(0.619)^2}{(9.38 \times 10^6)^3} = \boxed{1.2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ d}^2/\text{km}^3}$$

Jupiter

$$K = \frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{(0.675)^2}{(221.9 \times 10^6)^3} = \boxed{4.2 \times 10^{-17} \text{ d}^2/\text{km}^3}$$

Saturn

$$K = \frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{(0.655)^2}{(151.47 \times 10^6)^3} = \boxed{1.4 \times 10^{-16} \text{ d}^2/\text{km}^3}$$

Uranus

$$K = \frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{(1.414)^2}{(125.4 \times 10^6)^3} = \boxed{9.2 \times 10^{-16} \text{ d}^2/\text{km}^3}$$

⑥

Neptune

$$K = \frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{(5.877)^2}{(385.5 \times 10^3)^3} = \boxed{7.7 \times 10^{-16} \text{ d}^2/\text{km}^3}$$

Pluto

$$K = \frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{(6.387)^2}{(19.7 \times 10^3)^3} = \boxed{5.3 \times 10^{-12} \text{ d}^2/\text{km}^3}$$

⑦

$$\frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{T_m^2}{r_m^3}$$

$$\frac{T^2}{[2(6.38 \times 10^6)]^3} = \frac{(2.36 \times 10^6)^2}{(3.8 \times 10^8)^3}$$

$$T = \sqrt{\frac{[2(6.38 \times 10^6)]^3 \cdot (2.36 \times 10^6)^2}{(3.8 \times 10^8)^3}}$$

$$T = 14521.538 \text{ s}$$

$$T = \boxed{4.0 \text{ h}}$$

$$\downarrow \div 3600 \text{ s/h}$$

⑧

$$\frac{r_p^3}{10^2} = \frac{r_d^3}{12}$$

$$\frac{r_p^3}{(7.65)^2} = \frac{(2.3 \times 10^4)^3}{(30.3)^2}$$

$$r_p = \sqrt[3]{(7.65)^2 \frac{(2.3 \times 10^4)^3}{(30.3)^2}}$$

$$r_p = \boxed{9187.7 \text{ km}}$$